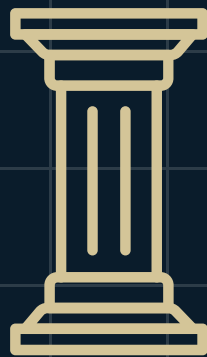


STRATEGIC PILLAR I



CASHFLOW ARCHITECTURE

Engineering liquidity for scale.

THE LIQUIDITY PARADOX

ACCOUNTING VIEW OPERATIONAL VIEW



PROFITABLE

(Revenue Recognized)

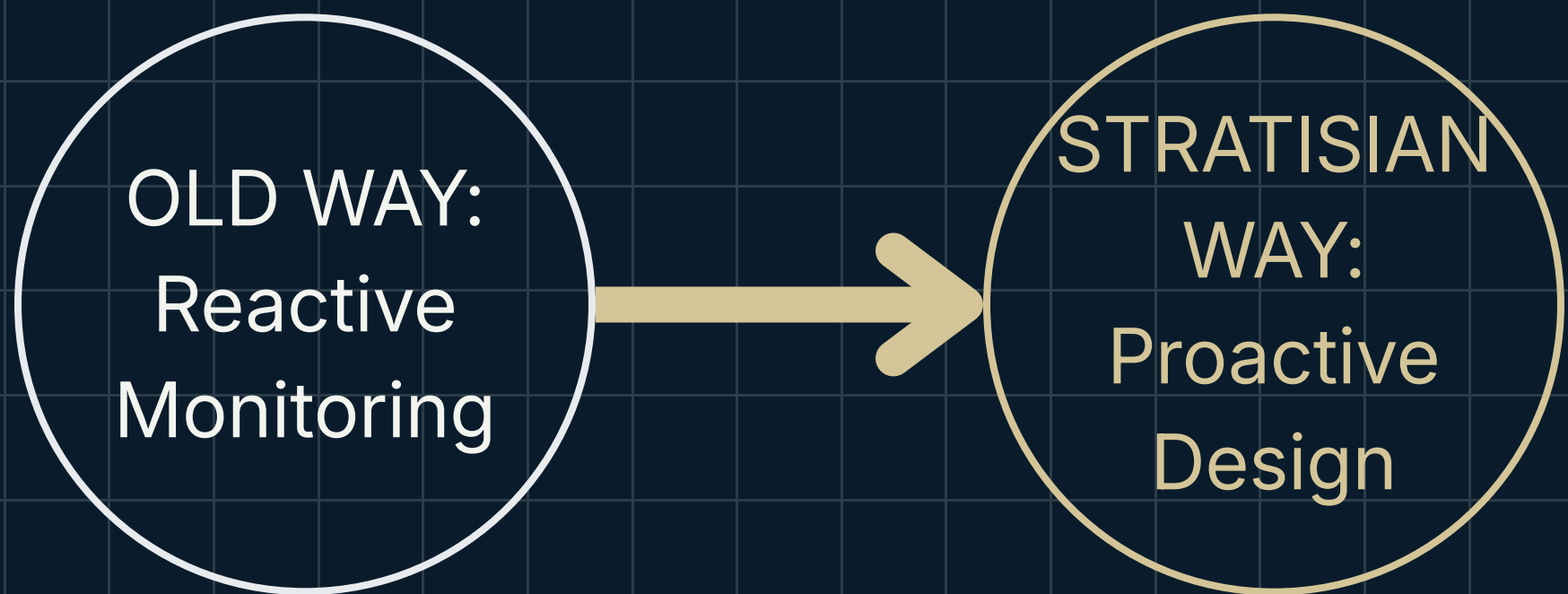


CASH DEFICIT

(Cash Trapped)

Insight: Rapid growth widens the gap between revenue recognition and cash realization

WHAT IS CASHFLOW ARCHITECTURE?



The Shift: Most firms accept market-standard payment terms as fixed variables.

The Goal: Maximize the velocity of capital through the system.

The Stratisian Approach: We treat payment terms, inventory turnover, and billing cycles as designable variables.

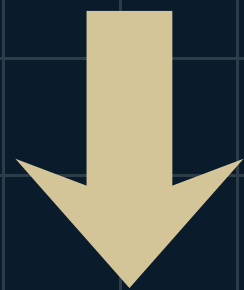
LEVER I: RECEIVABLES COMPRESSION

Reducing Day Sales Outstanding (DSO)

Strategic Incentives: Utilizing early-payment discounts (e.g., 2%/10 Net 30) to prioritize liquidity over gross margin.

Frictionless Settlement: Removing administrative barriers to payment acceptance.

Terms Alignment: aligning billing cycles with client pay-cycles.



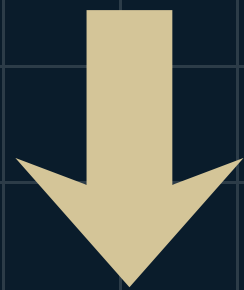
LEVER II: PAYABLES EXTENSION

Optimizing Days Payable Outstanding (DPO)

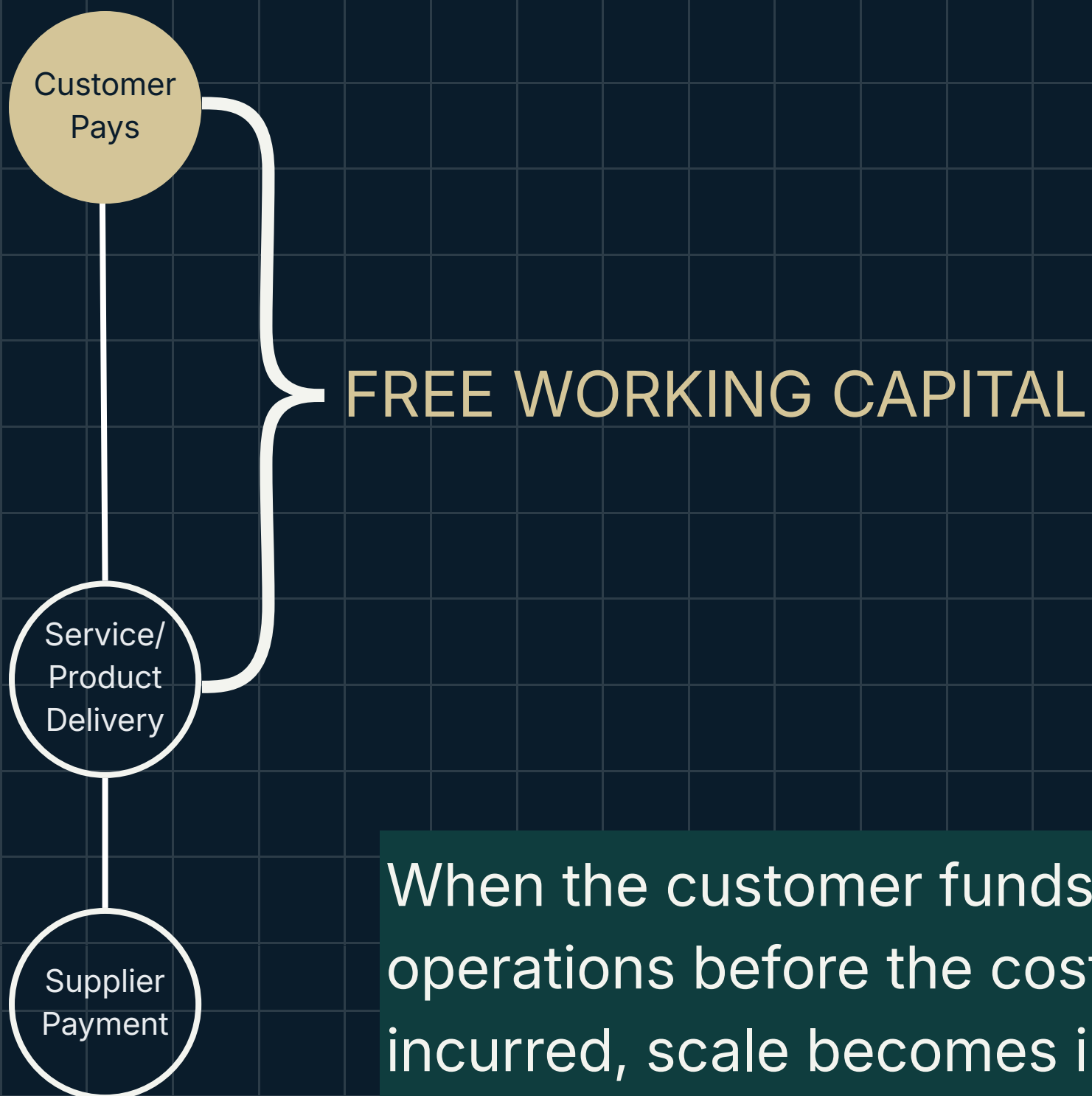
Supplier Financing: Using supplier terms as zero-interest working capital.

Negotiation Priority: Prioritizing longer payment terms over marginal price reductions during procurement.

Timing: executing payments at the precise maturity date, preserving cash on hand.



THE GOLD STANDARD: SELF-FUNDING GROWTH



THE PILLAR I AUDIT

- ✓ Analyze the gap between P&L Profit and Net Cash Flow.
- ✓ Audit current Receivables (DSO) metrics.
- ✓ Review Supplier Agreements for term extension.
- ✓ Calculate the Cash Conversion Cycle (CCC).

Next: Pillar 2 - Customer Value Engine

STRATISIAN

Strategy.
Structure.
Scale.
